

Comparison

After comparatives you can use than. The comparative for is –er or more... We use –er for short words (one syllable). We also use –er for two-syllable words that end in –y. We use more... for longer words (two syllables or more). We also use more for adverbs that end in –ly. You can use –er or more... with some two-syllable adjective, especially: clever, narrow, quiet, shallow, and simple.

Lo usamos con la palabra than. Usamos –er con palabras con una sola sílaba. Usamos more para ppalabras de dos o más sílabas.

A few adjectives and adverbs have irregular comparative forms: good, well (better); bad, badly (worse); far (farther); further (but not farther) can also mean more or additional.

Exercises

We want a _____ apartment. We have too much stuff in here. (big)

The weather was too cold and Rebecca got sick. I prefer to live in a _____ city. (warm)

In some parts of the country, prices on groceries are much _____ than in the populated areas. (cheap)